Design-Build: Solution With Responsibility

The State Has Legislation For Design-Build (DB)









Introductions

Terry Fielden Role: Moderator/Emcee

- Vice President, Director K12, International Contractors, Inc. Retired Board Member Naperville 203, 12 years service



James Petrakos, Speaker

-Managing Principal, Co-Owner, TRIA Architecture



lan Lamp, Speaker

-President, Lamp, Incorporated



Ken Florey, Speaker

- Attorney, Partner, Robbins-Schwarz



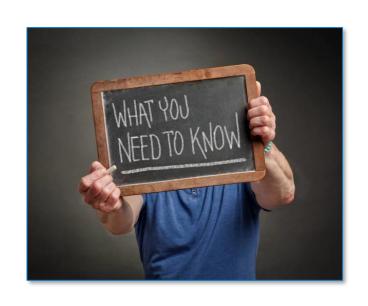
Objectivity





Discussion Points

- Review of Construction Delivery Options
- Risk Protection
- Breaking Down the Design-Build Legislation
- New Design-Build Legislation "How To"
 - Legal Obligations
 - District Responsibilities
 - Architect Role
 - Construction Role
 - Contract Structure
- Potential Advantages / Disadvantages



Review of Construction Delivery Options







Design-Bid-Build - General Contractor

Delivery Format

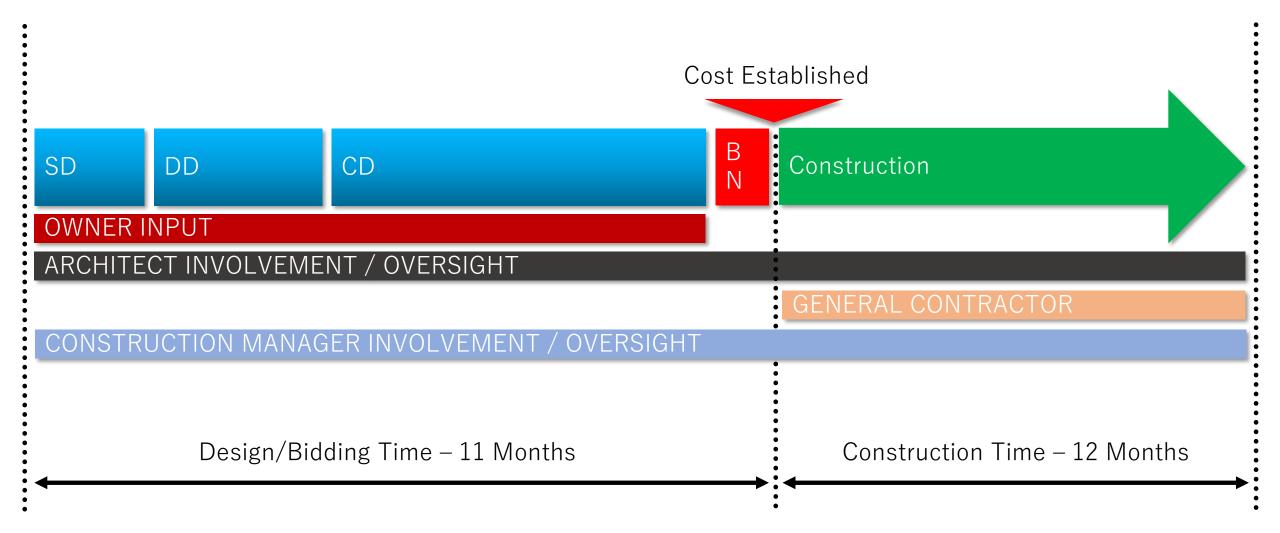
- Architect Programs/Designs
- Awarded To Single Contractor
- Limited Owner Control
- Subject To Change Orders



Project Types

- Small Project Volume
- Non-critical Completion Date
- District Staff Has Experience
- Strong Architect
- Fixed Resources

Design-Bid-Build GC or CM



Design-Bid-Build Construction Management



ConstructionManagement (CM at Risk)

Construction

Management (CM

Agency)

Construction Management (CM at Risk)

Don't Get Too Comfortable!

Delivery Format

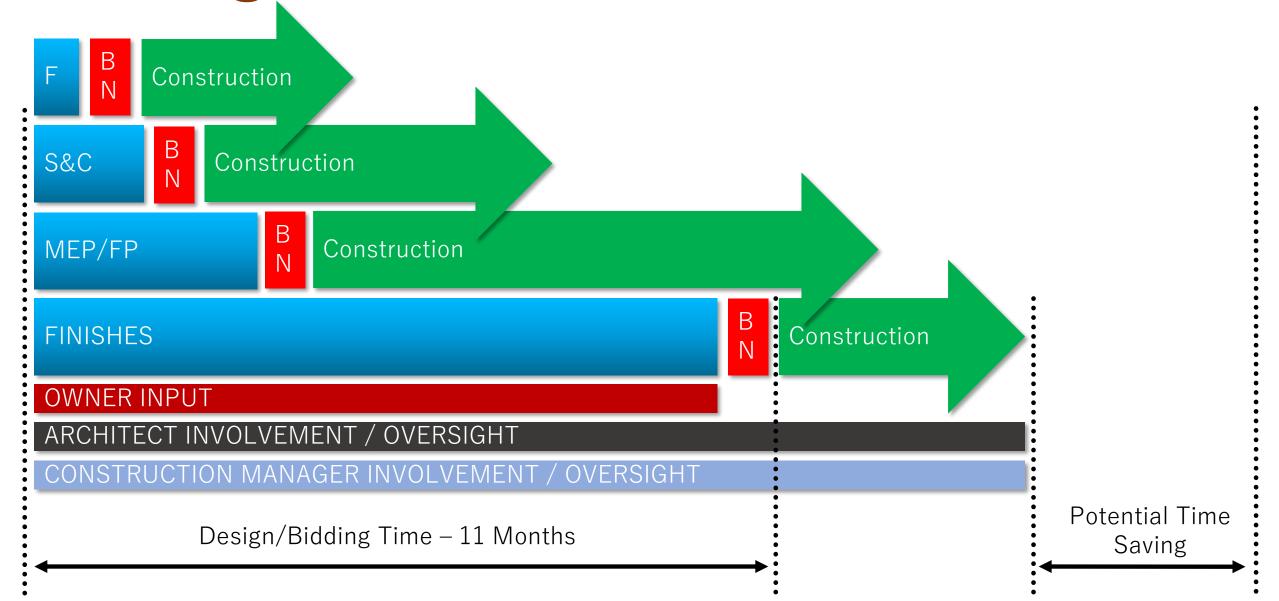
- Architect Programs/Designs
- CM Estimates And Plans Project
- CM Bids Project To Multiple Trades
- CM Enforces Contract And Schedule
- Subject To Change Orders



Project Types

- Renovations, Additions And New Construction
- Inexperienced District Staff
- Critical Delivery Date
- Fixed Resources

Design-Bid-Build – CM "Fast Track"



Design-Build (DB)

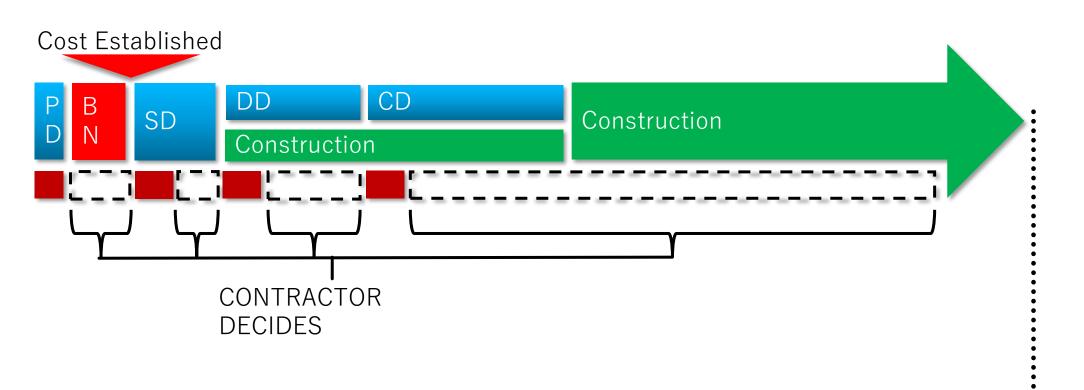
Delivery Format

- District Sets Design/Educational Standards For DB To Achieve
- District Solicits DB
- DB Is Single Delivery Entity: Fully Accountable For Design/Construction
- DB Has Full Control Of Assigned Resources
- DB Procures All Trades/Material/Equipment
- Subject To Change Orders

Project Types

- Process Is New To Illinois For Schools
- Additions, Interior Upgrades, Etc.
- Experienced District Staff -For Program Creation
- Critical Delivery Date
- Critical Resource Control

Design-Build (DB)



Potential Time Saving

Risk Protection

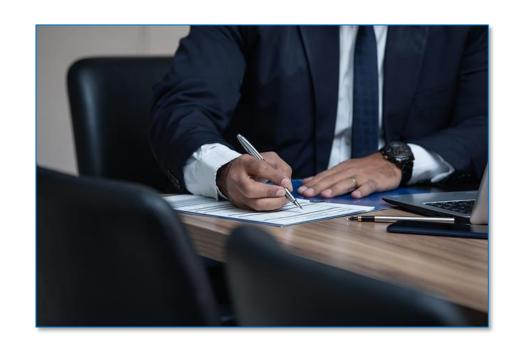






Risk Protection





Risk Protection

ALL Delivery Models...

Are Subject to Change

Orders



Risk Protection Lump Sum Bidding

Change Orders Sometimes Geared For Profit

Architect Has Primary Responsibility To Protect District



Risk Protection Construction Management (CM)

Is Geared Toward Budget And Schedule Control

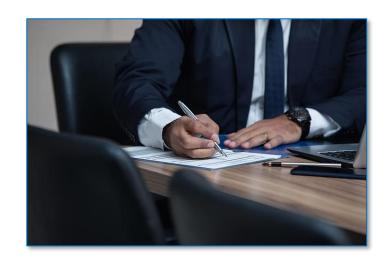




Architect And CM Have <u>Unique Responsibilities</u>
To Act As A Team For Protecting The District

Risk Protection Design-Build (DB)

- Contract Language Is The Key
- Writing A Solid And Well Thought Out Program





- Use The Original Architect?
- Consider An Owners Representative?

Breaking Down The Design-Build Legislation







Intended Purpose of New Design-Build (DB) Legislation

Municipal Legislation First, Then School Amendment



(105 ILCS 5/15A-5 new)

Sec. 15A-5. Purpose. The purpose of this Article is to authorize school districts to use design-build processes to **increase the efficiency and effectiveness** of delivering public projects.

"...Increase The Efficiency And Effectiveness..."

As With Any Legislation:
School Districts Are Still
Responsible





Design-Build (DB) - What's Different?

- DB Entity Owes Delivery Based
 On Defined District Project
 Scope And Performance Criteria
- Project Is A Fixed Cost Based
 On The Interpretation Of The Issued Standards



 District Changes/Deviations Are A Change Order

"...Increase The Efficiency And Effectiveness..."

"Scope and performance criteria" means the requirements for the public project, such as the intended usage, capacity, size, scope, quality and performance standards, life-cycle costs, and other programmatic criteria that are expressed in performanceoriented and quantifiable specifications and drawings that can be reasonably inferred and are suited to allow a designbuild entity to develop a proposal.



Design/Build "Definition"





(105 ILCS 5/15A-10 new)

Sec. 15A-10. Definitions. As used in this Article:

"Design-build" means a delivery system that provides responsibility within a single contract for the furnishing of architecture, engineering, land surveying, and related services, as required, and the labor, materials, equipment, and other construction services for the project.

Design-Build (DB) - What's Different?

Design Is Controlled By **Two** Architects



District Sets Standards

District Sets All
Standards/Resources To Be
Achieved/Maintained By The
DB



Design-Build (DB) - What's Different?

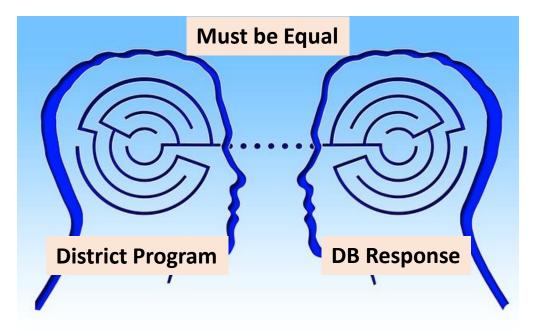
Design Is Controlled By Two **DISTINCT** Architects

Architect #1 For Program

Is Required To Ensure District Specified Standards Are Clear And Complete

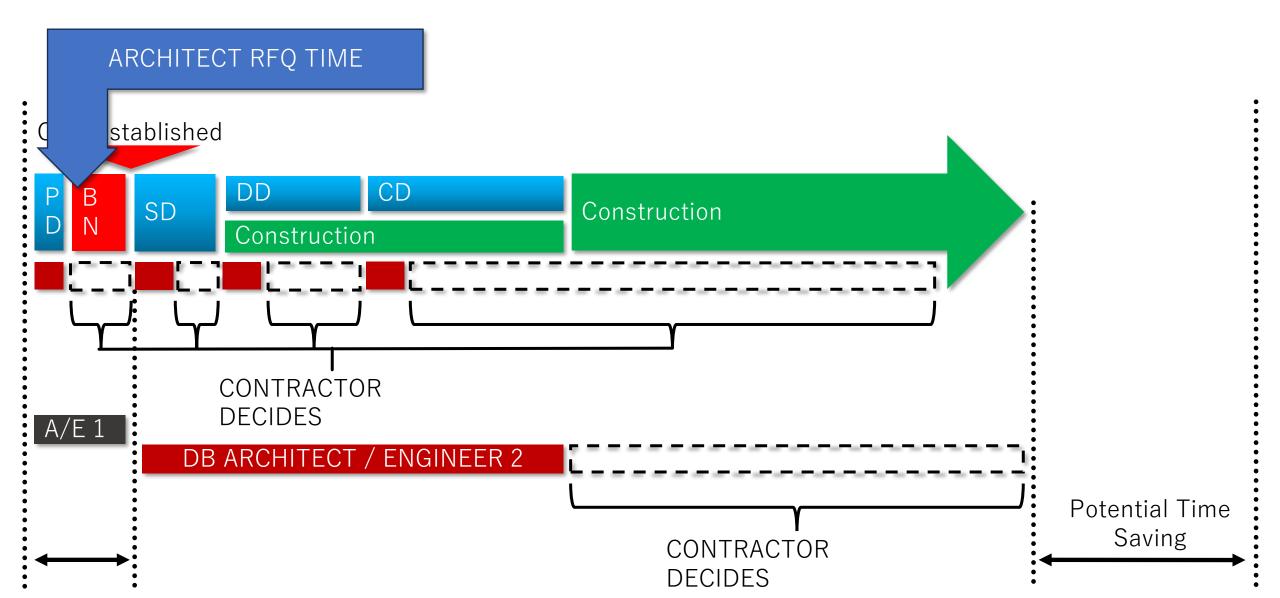
Architect #2 For DB Entity

Is Required To Ensure District Specified Standards Are Achieved And Building Code Is Satisfied





Design-Build (DB) Version



Tale of Two Architects

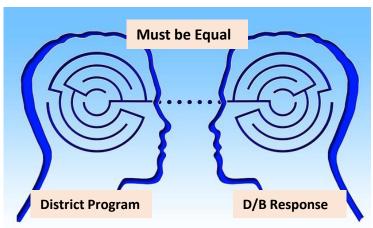
Challenge Questions for District:

How?

How will the design support your learning program/needs?

What?

What process will you utilize to determine your needs?



Who?

Who will you involve in the process to determine your needs?

When?

When will you know the extent of the design?

Design-Build (DB) - Constructor

ConstructionManagement

Or A Reasonable
 Facsimile



New Design-Build Legislation "How-To"







Design-Build (DB) – "Selection"

Phase One



(105 ILCS 5/15A-20 new)

Sec. 15A-20. Development of scope and performance criteria.

(a) The school district must develop, with the assistance of a licensed design professional or

public art designer, a request for proposal, which must include scope and performance criteria. The scope and performance criteria must be in sufficient detail and contain adequate information to reasonably apprise the qualified design-build entities of the school district's overall programmatic needs and goals, including criteria, general budget parameters, schedule, and delivery requirements.



Attorney Writes



Design-Build (DB) – "Selection"

Phase Two



(105 ILCS 5/15A-25 new)

Sec. 15A-25. Procedures for selection.

(a) The school district must use a 2-phase procedure for the selection of the successful design-build entity. Phase I of

the procedure must evaluate and shortlist the design-build entities based on qualifications, and Phase II

must evaluate the technical and cost proposals.

Attorney Writes





Design-Build (DB) RFP Issuance / Development

- District Hires Entity To Set Program And Design Standards
- Entity That Sets Standards
 Cannot Submit As D/B
- Time Limitations Are Set For Responses



Design-Build (DB) RFP Issuance / Development

- Strict Records Must Be Kept On The Process
- D/B Must Commit Staff And Designers To Project
- MBE/WBE Requirements





Design-Build (DB) RFP Issuance / Development

Matrix To Review Qualifications



Law Sets Minimum Qualification Criteria



Is Design-Build (DB) Right for You?

- District Experience With Design And Construction
- District Architect/Artist Available To Set Program
- Willing To Be "Hands Off" In The Process
- BOE Willing To Accept The Associated Risks
- Funds Available With Reserve



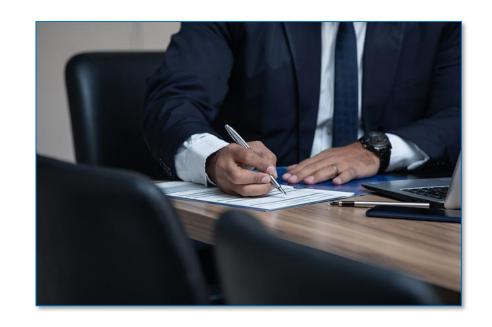
Presenting Design-Build (DB) To The BOE

- Why Is DB The Best Option For Delivery?
- Assuring Resource Control
- Delivery And Quality Assurance
- Who Bears The Responsibility?



Design-Build (DB) Contract Considerations

- Sample Contract
- Examples In Illinois
- Finding The Legal Expert
- D/B Contract Terms Will Need Clearly Defined Accountability
 - Checks And Balances



Potential Advantages / Disadvantages

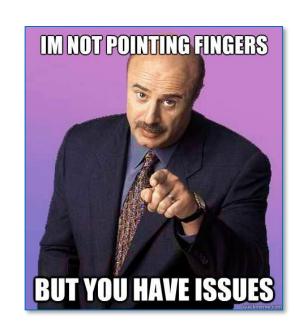






Design And Construction Accountability

Under Single Entity



Locked Team Assignment

- The Firms And Players Cannot Be Changed
- People Are Committed For Duration
- Verifying Workload Is Important



Design Accountability

District Is Selecting The Team <u>"As A</u> <u>Whole"</u> With MEP Consultants



Design Accountability

Design Updates/Reviews

Design Stage Reviews Are Not Required

But May Still Be Beneficial





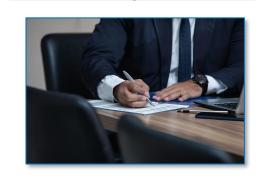
Design Accountability

DB is delivering project to set **District Performance Standards**





Performance Standards <u>May Not</u> <u>Equal</u> Visual/Curricular Expectations







Construction Accountability

The <u>D/B Must Resolve</u> All Internal Or External Construction Issues:

Details???

Except Of Course





Fiscal "Responsibility"

DB Is Required To Deliver The "District Program" For The Approved Budget

Error In Program = More Money,
Unknown Substitutions



Fiscal "Responsibility"

Semi-competitive Bid Process.

D/B Selects The Trades And Can Negotiate To Meet **Their** Number

Attorney Writes





D/B Is "Not Required" To Share Savings-contract Terms Can Add

Design-Build (DB) — As Constructor

Delivery

DB **Must Achieve** Opening Date

- Save Force Majeure

Compliance

DB Owns MBE/WBE Goals Set By District.







Additional Resources

https://www.ilga.gov/legislation/fulltext.asp ?DocName=&SessionId=112&GA=103&Doc TypeId=SB&DocNum=1570&GAID=17&LegI D=&SpecSess=&Session=







Additional Resources

https://www.elrodfriedman.com/newsand-insights/procedures-for-selectionand-approval-of-design-build-entities/







Thanks For Attending!!!







Questions and Answers

We thank you for your time!







Presenters:









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